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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/644,532	08/20/2003	Steven G. Fallows	2003P08389US	5973
7590 Siemens Corporation Intellectual Property Department 170 Wood Avenue South Iselin, NJ 08830		EXAMINER JAKOVAC, RYAN J		
		ART UNIT 2445		
		MAIL DATE 03/09/2009		
		DELIVERY MODE PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/644,532

Applicant(s)

FALLOWS ET AL.

Examiner

RYAN J. JAKOVAC

Art Unit

2445

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 January 2009.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/US)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 01/12/2009, 10/28/2009
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(c), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(c) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed 01/12/2009 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. 2003/0140141 to Mullen et al (hereinafter Mullen) in view of US 2004/0267876 to Kakivaya et al (hereinafter Kakivaya).

Regarding claim 1, 7, 12, Mullen teaches a method for communicating among a plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices coupled with a network, said method comprising:

identifying, automatically by a first device of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, paragraph [0043], central service facility receives data from a plurality of devices on the network. Data is transmitted from the central service facility to the devices. Information identifying particular devices is sent from the devices to the central service station where it is stored.), a second device of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices available for communication via said network (Mullen, fig. 2.);

Kakivaya teaches configuring, automatically, said first device to communicate substantially directly with said second device via said network when said first device is not already configured to communicate with said second device (Kakivaya, [0003], various discovery protocols allow devices to discover other devices. [0005-0007], discovery of network devices through TCP/IP or multicast IP. See fig. 1 and [0026-0028], discovery protocol used to discovery devices in a network consisting of a plurality of devices. [0035] discovery of devices and communication over the network. See also [0010-0015].); and

Mullen teaches facilitating substantially direct communication of data between said first and second devices (Mullen, [0043].).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine configuring, automatically, said first device to communicate substantially directly with said second device via said network when said first device is not already configured to communicate with said second device as taught by Kakivaya with the method of Mullen in

order to enable a device to discover other devices and services on managed and unmanaged networks (Kakivaya, [0003]).

Regarding claim 2, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said identifying further comprises:

receiving, by said first device, a first identification message periodically transmitted by said second device to all of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, paragraph [0043], computer coordinates data exchange between devices and workstations.);

transmitting a reply, by said first device, to said second device in response to said first identification message (Mullen, paragraph [0043], exchange of messages between devices and central service facility.);

receiving, by said first device, a second identification message transmitted by said second device to said first device in response to said reply; and

transmitting a confirmation, by said first device, to said second device in response to said second identification message (Mullen, paragraph [0045], transmission of data from devices after authentication by central service station.).

Regarding claim 3, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the method of claim 2, further comprising: configuring said second device to communicate substantially directly with said first device in response to said confirmation (Mullen, paragraph [0043] transmission of data from devices to central service station. Also, paragraph [0045], transmission of data from devices after authentication by central service station.).

Regarding claim 4, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said configuring further comprises: appending a representation of said second device to a list of representations of devices available for communication maintained on said first device (Mullen, paragraph [0043], computer coordinate data exchange between devices and workstations. Also, service history of devices is maintained.).

Regarding claim 5, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said facilitating further comprises: receiving a request from a user of said first device to send data from said first device to said second device (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request from workstation to device.); transmitting said data from said first device to said second device (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request sent from workstation to device.).

Regarding claim 6, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said facilitating further comprises: receiving a request from a user of said first device to send data from said second device to said first device (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request sent from workstation to device.); transmitting a request for said data to said second device (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request sent from workstation to device.); and receiving said data in response to said request (Mullen, paragraph [0044], collected data transmitted to web server.).

Regarding claim 8, 13, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications interface of claim 7, wherein said identification logic is further operative to periodically broadcast an identification message to said other diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request sent from workstation to device.), said identification message operative to solicit responses from said other diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collection request sent from workstation to device.), wherein upon receipt of a solicited response from a one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices, said identification logic is further operative to transmit a confirmation request to said one of said other diagnostic medical imaging device (Mullen, paragraph [0045], software is downloaded.), and wherein said configuration logic is further operative to configure said first diagnostic medical imaging device based on receipt of a response to said confirmation request (Mullen, paragraph [0044], data collected and transmitted from devices. Data is compiled into a service history.).

Regarding claim 9, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications interface of claim 7, wherein said identification logic is further operative to receive an unsolicited identification message from one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices, said identification logic being operative to transmit a reply message to a sender of said unsolicited identification message and transmit a confirmation message to said sender in response to receipt of a confirmation request (Mullen, paragraph [0043], transmission of data to database and subsequent access of data.).

Regarding claim 10, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications interface of claim 7, wherein said communication logic is further operative to receive a selection from a user of data and one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices, said communication logic being operative to transmit said data from said first diagnostic medical imaging device to said one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, paragraph [0043], transmission of data to database and subsequent access of data.).

Regarding claim 11, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications interface of claim 7, wherein said communications logic is further operative to receive a selection from a user of one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices, said communications logic being further operative to request that said one of said other diagnostic medical imaging devices identify data stored therein in response to said selection, and wherein a representation of said identified data is provided to said user, said communication logic being further operative to receive a selection from said user of data from said identified data and, in response to said selection, transmit a request for said data to said one of said other diagnostic medical imaging device (Mullen, paragraph [0043], transmission of data to database and subsequent access of data.).

Regarding claim 14, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications architecture of claim 12, wherein said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices include at least one device selected from the group comprising: diagnostic a medical image acquisition system, a diagnostic medical imaging reviewing workstation, a diagnostic

medical imaging server, and a diagnostic medical patient monitor (Mullen, Fig. 3, central workstation (i.e. a diagnostic medical imaging reviewing workstation), computer (i.e. diagnostic medical imaging server), scanner (i.e. diagnostic a medical image acquisition system)).

Regarding claim 16, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches a communications architecture comprising: a plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices; networking means for interconnecting each of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices (Mullen, Fig. 3, [0043]); and wherein each of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices comprises means for automatically discovering at least one other of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices via said network automatically configuring itself to communicate with any of the discovered at least one other of said plurality of diagnostic medical imaging devices and facilitating communications therebetween (Kakivaya, [0003], various discovery protocols allow devices to discover other devices. [0005-0007], discovery of network devices through TCP/IP or multicast IP. See fig. 1 and [0026-0028], discovery protocol used to discovery devices in a network consisting of a plurality of devices. [0035] discovery of devices and communication over the network. See also [0010-0015]).

5. Claim 15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mullen in view of Kakivaya and further in view of Official Notice.

Regarding claim 15, the combination of Mullen and Kakivaya teaches the communications architecture of claim 12, wherein said network comprises at least one of a wired

(Mullen, Fig. 3, [0043].) and wireless network. The combination of Mullen and Kakivaya does not expressly disclose a wireless network, however, Official Notice is taken that the use of a wireless network in communications architecture is well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate a wireless network into the communications architecture to utilize the well known advantages of wireless networking.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to RYAN J. JAKOVAC whose telephone number is (571)270-5003. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:30 am to 5:00 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton B. Burgess can be reached on (571) 272-3949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/RJ/
/Larry D Donaghue/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2454